

APPENDIX 1

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import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.applet.*;
import netscape.javascript.*;

/**
 * Asynchronously pushing pages to browsers.
 * The data can be pushed explicitly or data can be sent
 * by reference using a URL.
 *
 * The PushData signifies that it is an applet that
 * is waiting for push events.
 *
 * <P>
 * <B> PARAMETERS <BR>
 *   destwin = Destination Window's Name. <BR>
 *   port = Port Number to connect to, default is the port of the originating Web server.
 * <BR>
 *   desc = One Word Description of PushData applet.<BR>
 */
public class PushData extends Applet implements Runnable
{
    protected int         port;
    protected Socket      sock;
    protected String      window = "_new";
    protected String      description;

    protected Thread runner;
    protected boolean threadRunning;

    private DataInputStream in;
    private DataOutputStream out;

    private static int     defaultPort = -1;

    // parameters
    private String targetWindow = "destwin";
    private String portNumber   = "port";
    private String appletDesc   = "desc";

    // Javascript Object
    private JSObject mainwin;

    /**
     * Get all the necessary parameters.
     * <ul>
     * <li>port number
     * <li>destination window
     * <li>description
     * </ul>
     */
    public void init()
    {
        URL url;
        String str;

        try
        {
            str = getParameter( portNumber );
            if ( str != null )
                defaultPort= Integer.parseInt( str );
        }
        catch (NumberFormatException e){ };

        description = getParameter( appletDesc );
    }

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window = this.getParameter( targetWindow );

mainwin = JSObject.getWindow(this);
}

/**
 * Gets called when loaded.
 */
public void start()
{
    runner = new Thread( this );

    threadRunning = true;
    runner.start();
}

/**
 * Gets called when browser leaves window.
 */
public void stop()
{
    threadRunning = false;
    closeSocket();
}

/**
 * Send/Receive messages from the server.
 */
public void run()
{
    int avail;
    String data, message;

    while ( threadRunning )
    {
        // open the connection to the server
        openSocket();
        if ( !threadRunning )
            break;

        // notify anyone that the connection is open
        connectionOpen();

        try
        {
            // open datastreams
            in = new DataInputStream( sock.getInputStream() );
            out = new DataOutputStream( sock.getOutputStream() );

            // get the initial connection message
            message = getConnectionMessage();
            if ( message != null )
                out.writeBytes( message );

            // send/receive messages
            for( ; threadRunning ; )
            {
                if ( sock == null ) // connection was broken
                    break;

                if ( in.available() == 0 )
                {
                    Thread.sleep( 500 ); // check for data every 1/2 second
                    continue;
                }

                data = readAvailableData( in );
            }
        }
    }
}

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        if ( data == null )      // connection broken
            break;

        processMessage( data.trim() );
    }
}
catch( Exception e )
{
    System.out.println(e);
}

// notify that the connection was closed
connectionClosed();
}

/**
 * Gets called when browser is closed.
 */
public void destroy()
{
    closeSocket();
}

/**
 * Send a message to the server.
 *
 * @param String
 */
public void sendMessage( String msg )
{
    String data, message;

    try
    {
        out.writeBytes( msg );
    }
    catch ( Exception e )
    {
        System.out.println("Send Exception: " + e );
    }
}

/**
 * Process the message for this java applet.
 * This can be overridden by other push applets
 * to process the message differently.
 * This method will push a URL into the destination window.
 * If its just data, then we will send data to the window's
 * JavaScript function <b>putText</b>.
 *
 * @param String
 */
public void processMessage( String msg )
{
    int offset;
    URL url;
    String data;

    offset = msg.lastIndexOf( ' ' );
    if ( offset > 0 )
        data = msg.substring( 0, offset );
    else
        data = msg;

    try
    {

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        url = new URL( data );
        getAppletContext().showDocument( url, window );
    }
    catch ( MalformedURLException mue )
    {
        Object[] args = { msg };
        mainwin.call( "putText", args );
    }
}

/**
 * This method will provide the connection
 * message to be sent to the server when we
 * are connected. This method can be overridden
 * to provide your server specific protocol.
 */
@param String
*/
public String getConnectionMessage()
{
    return "PushData:connect:" + description;
}

/**
 * Called when connection is opened.
 * Override this method if you want to be notified
 * on connection open.
 */
protected void connectionOpen()
{
}

/**
 * Called when connection is closed.
 * Override this method if you want to be notified
 * on connection closed.
 */
protected void connectionClosed()
{
}

/**
 * open the socket.
 */
protected void openSocket()
{
    URL url;

    url = getCodeBase();

    while (threadRunning && url != null) // loop until socket is created
    {
        try
        {
            if ( defaultPort > 0 )
                port = defaultPort;
            else
                port = url.getPort();
            sock = new Socket( url.getHost(), port );
            break;
        }
        catch (Exception e)
        {
            System.out.println( "Error During Socket Open" );
            System.out.println( e );
        }
    }

    try

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        {
            Thread.sleep(5000);
        }
        catch ( InterruptedException ie )
        {
        }
    }
}

/*
 * Close the socket.
 */
protected void closeSocket()
{
    try
    {
        if ( sock != null )
        {
            sock.close();
            sock = null;
        }
    }
    catch(Exception e)
    {
        System.out.println( "Error During Socket Close" );
        System.out.println( e );
    }
}

/**
 * Read all the data that currently can
 * be read off the pipe. The data always
 * starts with a length and then the data.
 *
 * @param DataInputStream
 * @return String
 */
private String readAvailableData( DataInputStream in )
    throws IOException
{
    int bytes, bytesRead=0;
    byte[] b;

    if ( in.available() > 0 )
    {
        bytes = in.readInt();

        b = new byte[ bytes ];
        while ( bytesRead < bytes )
        {
            bytesRead += in.read( b, bytesRead, bytes-bytesRead );
        }
    }
    else
        return null;

    return new String( b );
}
}

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